## <u>General</u>

Discharge (Single Response)

() Discharge patient

Discharge at 12:00 AM Specific Destination: Is a readmission planned within 30 days?

Discontinue tubes/drains/telemetry

[] Discontinue Telemetry	Routine, Once
Discontinue Foley catheter	Routine, Once
[] Discharge home with Foley catheter	Routine, Once
[] Discontinue IV	Routine, Once For 1 Occurrences
[] Deaccess port	
[] Deaccess Port-a-cath	Routine, Once

[] heparin, porcine (PF) 100 unit/mL injection intra-catheter, once

**Discharge Activity (Selection Required)** 

Routine, Normal
Routine, Normal
Routine, Normal, No lifting over 10 pounds.
Routine, Normal Weight Bearing Status: Extremity:
Routine, Normal
Routine, Normal
Routine, Normal
Routine, Normal, ***

#### **Discharge Activity**

[] Activity as tolerated	Routine, Normal
[] Ambulate with assistance or assistive device	Routine, Normal
[] Lifting restrictions	Routine, Normal, No lifting over 10 pounds.
[] Weight bearing restrictions (specify)	Routine, Normal Weight Bearing Status: Extremity:
[] Moderate bedrest with complete pelvic rest (no tampons,	*** Routine, Normal
douching, sex)	
[] Complete pelvic rest (no tampons, douching, sex)	Routine, Normal
[] No driving for 2 weeks	Routine, Normal
[] Other restrictions (specify):	Routine, Normal, ***

Wound/Incision Care

Discharge wound care	Routine, Normal, ***
[] Discharge incision care	Routine, Normal, ***
[] Discharge dressing	Routine, Normal, ***

#### Discharge Diet (Single Response) (Selection Required)

() Discharge Diet	Routine, Normal Discharge Diet:
() Discharge Diet- Regular	Routine, Normal Discharge Diet: Regular

**Discharge Diet (Single Response)** 

() Discharge Diet	Routine, Normal Discharge Diet:
() Discharge Diet- Regular	Routine, Normal Discharge Diet: Regular
Patient to notify physician	
] Call physician for:	Routine, Normal, Temperature greater than 100.5
] Call physician for: Persistent nausea or vomiting	Routine, Normal
] Call physician for: severe uncontrolled pain	Routine, Normal
] Call physician for: redness, tenderness, or signs of infection (pain, swelling, redness, odor or green/yellow discharge from affected area)	Routine, Normal
<ul> <li>Call physician for difficulty breathing, chest pain, persistent dizziness or light-headedness</li> </ul>	Routine, Normal
] Call physician for:	Routine, Normal, ***
Additional Patient Discharge Education	
[] Nurse to provide discharge education	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Both Education for: Other (specify) Specify: Nurse to provide patient education
Discharge Instructions	
[] Additional discharge instructions for Patient	Routine, Normal Post-operative discharge instructions provided by: Physician/Physician's Office. Contact office with any questions You may experience incision pain, sore throat, and stiff neck after surgery. Take two 500 mg tablets of acetaminophen by mouth around the clock every 8 hours for the first 2 days after surgery, and subsequently as needed for pain. The scheduled pain medications prevent early surgical pain. Do not wait until pain worsens to take these medications. Use benzocaine lozenge or mouth spray as needed for sore throat. If needed, apply a heating pad to the stiff neck for 15-20 minutes and massage your neck muscles gently. If prescribed by your surgeon, place 1 lidocaine 4% patch on the back of the neck away from the incision site and keep it for 12 hours. Do not use more than one patch in a 24-hour period. Opioid pain medications are rarely needed after your surgery. Opioids can cause drowsiness and constipation. If you receive an opioid prescription (for example, tramadol), use it for severe breakthrough pain only and do not drive or drink alcohol while taking it. Please take unused opioids to a controlled substance disposal location (https://takebackday.dea.gov/), dispose after mixing with dirt, or use a disposal envelope if one was provided by the hospita or pharmacy.
Place Follow-Up Order (Selection Required)	Pain medications may cause nausea and vomiting. You may take the medications with food. Do not take more than 3000 mg of acetaminophen in 24 hours (includes all acetaminophen-containing products including combination products). Please call our office if you have any questions about your pain medications.
[] Follow-up with me	Follow up with me: Clinic Contact: Follow up in: On date:
[] Follow up with primery corresponding in	Appointment Time:
[] Follow-up with primary care physician	Routine, Normal

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[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on: Appointment Time: Follow up in:
	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on:
	Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on:
	Appointment Time:
	Follow up in: Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on:
	Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with department	Details
Place Follow-Up Order	
[] Follow-up with me	Follow up with me: Clinic Contact:
	Follow up in:
	On date:
	Appointment Time:
[] Follow-up with primary care physician	Routine, Normal
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on:
	Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
1. Follow up with physician	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on: Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on:
	Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
1. Falless on with absorbing	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with physician	Follow up on: Appointment Time:
	Follow up in:
	Instructions for Follow Up:
[] Follow-up with department	Details
Nursing	
Nursing orders for AOD	
[] Apply ice pack	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S For 24 Hours
	Afftected area: incision site
	Waking hours only? Nurse to schedule?
	Special Instructions: Do not put ice directly on the skin.
[] Nursing communication	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S
	Please keep the patient in AOD until a member of the surgica
	team examines the patient 4-6 hours after surgery.
Pain management medication	
[] Cepacol Max Lozenges / Chloraseptic 1.4% A	erosol
Spray (Single Response)	
() benzocaine-menthoL (CEPACOL MAX)	1 lozenge, buccal, every 2 hour PRN, sore throat
15-3.6 mg lozenge	Allow 1 lozenge to dissolve slowly in mouth
() phenol (CHLORASEPTIC) 1.4 % spray	1 spray, Mouth/Throat, every 2 hour PRN, sore throat
Printed on 7/19/2021 at 3:04 PM from SLIP	Spray on the throat; keep in place for 15 seconds, then spit out

[] acetaminophen (TYLENOL) tablet	1,000 mg, oral, every 8 hours Give as soon as patient can tolerate oral medication. Dose must be at least 6 hours after previous dose of acetaminophen, if given preoperatively or intraoperatively.
[] lidocaine (LIDODERM) 5 %	1 patch, transdermal, for 12 Hours, daily PRN, mild pain (score 1-3), moderate pain (score 4-6), Neck pain after surgery Place the patch on the back of the neck or most painful area. Do not apply on the incision site.
[] traMADoL (ULTRAM) tablet	50 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10)

Labs

[] Parathyroid hormone	Once For 1 Occurrences Check PTH level 30 mins post operation., PACU & Post-op
[] Calcium level	Once For 1 Occurrences Check 4 hours post operation., PACU & Post-op

## IV Fluids

Medications

Medications

[] Calcium Supplementation (Single Response)	
() Post Op PTH level LESS than 10	
[] calcitriol (ROCALTROL) capsule	Normal, 0
[] calcium carbonate (TUMS) chewable tablet	Normal, 0
() Post Op PTH level BETWEEN 10 and 15	
[] calcitriol (ROCALTROL) capsule	Normal, 0
[] calcium carbonate (TUMS) chewable tablet	Normal, 0
() Post Op PTH level GREATER than 15	
[] calcium carbonate (TUMS) chewable tablet	Normal, 0
[] levothyroxine (SYNTHROID, LEVOXYL) tablet	Normal, 0

**Discharge Prescriptions for Pain Management Medications** 

Opioids were purposefully omitted from this section. Several studies have demonstrated that most patients undergoing thyroid and parathyroid surgeries do not require opioid discharge prescriptions for pain. If opioid discharge prescriptions are provided for these surgeries, up to 7% of patients will use opioids 3 to 6 months after surgery. Please consider managing this patient's post-operative pain with non-opioid analgesics only.

[] Cepacol Max Lozenges / Chloraseptic 1.4% Aer	osol
Spray / Hurricaine 20% Aerosol Spray (Single	
Response)	
() benzocaine-menthoL (CEPACOL MAX)	Normal, 18 lozenge, 0
15-3.6 mg lozenge	
() phenol (CHLORASEPTIC) 1.4 %	Normal, 1 Bottle,
aerosol,spray	
() benzocaine (HURRICAINE) 20 %	Normal, 1 Bottle, 0
aerosol,spray	
[] acetaminophen (TYLENOL) 500 MG tablet	Normal, 60 tablet, 0
[] lidocaine 4 % adhesive patch, medicated	Normal, 6 patch, 0
[] ibuprofen (ADVIL) 200 MG tablet	
Ibuprofen is not recommended for patients with eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min or acute kidney injury. Use with caution in patients on blood thinners and in patients with Grave's disease, large goiter, or age over 65 years due to increased risk of postoperative bleeding.	
[] ibuprofen (ADVIL) 200 MG tablet	Normal, 60 tablet, 0

Low Risk Definition Moderate Risk Definition

Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated. High Risk Definition

Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.

Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors One or more of the following medical conditions: One or more of the following medical conditions:

CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C

or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)

Age 60 and above Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg

Central line Acute spinal cord injury with paresis

History of DVT or family history of VTE Multiple major traumas

Anticipated length of stay less than 48 hours Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER

Less than fully and independently ambulatory Acute ischemic stroke

Estrogen therapy History of PE

Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)

Major surgery within 3 months of admission

## Cardiology

#### Imaging

Other Studies

## Respiratory

#### Rehab

## Consults

For Physician Consult orders use sidebar

## Additional Orders