Spinal Laminectomy Post-Op [1810]

General

Common Present on Admission Diagnosis

[ ]	Acidosis	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Post-Hemorrhagic Anemia	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Renal Failure	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Respiratory Failure	Post-op
[ ]	Acute Thromboembolism of Deep Veins of Lower Extremities	Post-op
[ ]	Anemia	Post-op
[ ]	Bacteremia	Post-op
[ ]	Bipolar disorder, unspecified	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiac Arrest	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiac Dysrhythmia	Post-op
[ ]	Cardiogenic Shock	Post-op
[ ]	Decubitus Ulcer	Post-op
[ ]	Dementia in Conditions Classified Elsewhere	Post-op
[ ]	Disorder of Liver	Post-op
[ ]	Electrolyte and Fluid Disorder	Post-op
[ ]	Intestinal Infection due to Clostridium Difficile	Post-op
[ ]	Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus Infection	Post-op
[ ]	Obstructive Chronic Bronchitis with Exacerbation	Post-op
[ ]	Other Alteration of Consciousness	Post-op
[ ]	Other and Unspecified Coagulation Defects	Post-op
[ ]	Other Pulmonary Embolism and Infarction	Post-op
[ ]	Phlebitis and Thrombophlebitis	Post-op
[ ]	Protein-calorie Malnutrition	Post-op
[ ]	Psychosis, unspecified psychosis type	Post-op
[ ]	Schizophrenia Disorder	Post-op
[ ]	Sepsis	Post-op
[ ]	Septic Shock	Post-op
[ ]	Septicemia	Post-op
[ ]	Type II or Unspecified Type Diabetes Mellitus with Mention of Complication, Not Stated as Uncontrolled	Post-op
[ ]	Urinary Tract Infection, Site Not Specified	Post-op

Elective Outpatient, Observation, or Admission (Single Response)

( )	Elective outpatient procedure: Discharge following routine recovery	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( )	Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( )	Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( )	Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op

Admission or Observation (Single Response)
Patient has active outpatient status order on file

( ) Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
( ) Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( ) Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Admission (Single Response)
Patient has active status order on file

( ) Admit to inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Transfer (Single Response)
Patient has active inpatient status order on file

( ) Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
( ) Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Code Status

[ ] Full code	Code Status decision reached by: Post-op

[ ] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate) (Selection Required)

[ ] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate)	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Post-op

[ ]	Consult to Palliative Care Service	Priority: Reason for Consult? Order? Name of referring provider: Enter call back number:
[ ]	Consult to Social Work	Reason for Consult: Post-op
[ ]	Modified Code	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Modified Code restrictions: Post-op
[ ]	Treatment Restrictions	Treatment Restriction decision reached by: Specify Treatment Restrictions: Post-op

Isolation

[ ]	Airborne isolation status	
[ ]	Airborne isolation status	Details
[ ]	Mycobacterium tuberculosis by PCR - If you suspect Tuberculosis, please order this test for rapid diagnostics.	Once, Sputum, Post-op
[ ]	Contact isolation status	Details
[ ]	Droplet isolation status	Details
[ ]	Enteric isolation status	Details

Precautions

[ ]	Aspiration precautions	PACU & Post-op
[X]	Fall precautions	Increased observation level needed: PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Latex precautions	PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Seizure precautions	Increased observation level needed: PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Spinal precautions	PACU & Post-op

Nursing

Vital Signs (Single Response)

(X)	Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol, PACU & Post-op

Activity

[ ]	Strict bed rest	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Up with assistance	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Specify: Up with assistance PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Up ad lib	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Specify: Up ad lib PACU & Post-op
[ ]	All meals out of bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S All meals out of bed, PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Elevate Head of bed 30 degrees	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Head of bed: 30 degrees PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Head of bed flat	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Head of bed: flat PACU & Post-op

Nursing

[ ]	Telemetry	**"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Telemetry monitoring	Routine, Continuous Order: Place in Centralized Telemetry Monitor: EKG Monitoring Only (Telemetry Box) Reason for telemetry: Can be off of Telemetry for tests and baths? Yes PACU & Post-op
[ ] Telemetry Additional Setup Information	Routine, Continuous High Heart Rate (BPM): 120 Low Heart Rate(BPM): 50 High PVC's (per minute): 10 High SBP(mmHg): 175 Low SBP(mmHg): 100 High DBP(mmHg): 95 Low DBP(mmHg): 40 Low Mean BP: 60 High Mean BP: 120 Low SPO2(%): 94 PACU & Post-op
[ ] Assess operative site	Routine, Every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Assess for Nausea	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Assess: for Nausea PACU & Post-op
[ ] Assess cath site	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Assess Lumbar drain dressing and notify if saturated	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Assess: Lumbar drain dressing and notify if saturated. PACU & Post-op
[ ] Assess for pain	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Assess: for pain PACU & Post-op
[ ] Neurological assessment	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Assessment to Perform: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Peripheral vascular assessment	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Intake and output	Routine, Every shift, PACU & Post-op
[X] Height and weight	Routine, Once For 1 Occurrences On admission, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Surgical/incision site care	Routine, Once Location: Site: Apply: Dressing Type: Open to air? PACU & Post-op
[ ] Reinforce dressing	Routine, As needed Reinforce with: If saturated., PACU & Post-op
[ ] Drain care	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Drain 1: Drain 2: Drain 3: Drain 4: All Drains: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Lumbar drain care	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Lumbar drain mgmt: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[X] Straight cath	Routine, Once If unable to void after second attempt, insert Foley and call physician., PACU & Post-op
[X] Insert/Maintain Foley and Notify	

[X] Insert Foley catheter	Routine, Once Type: Size: Urinometer needed: If unable to void after second attempt at straight cath, insert Foley and call physician, PACU & Post-op
[X] Foley catheter care	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Orders: Maintain to gravity/bedside drain, PACU & Post-op
[X] Notify Physician if unable to void after second attempt at straight cath and Foley inserted	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op

[ ] Cervical collar - Soft	Routine, Once Type of Collar to Apply: Soft cervical collar Special Instructions: Obtain from central supply PACU & Post-op
[ ] Cervical collar - Philadelphia	Routine, Once Type of Collar to Apply: Philadelphia Collar Special Instructions: Obtain from central supply PACU & Post-op
[ ] Cervical collar - Miami J	Routine, Once Type of Collar to Apply: Miami J Collar Special Instructions: Obtain from orthotic provider. PACU & Post-op
[ ] TLSO Brace	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Left/Right: Gender Size: Sizes: Obtain from orthotic provider., PACU & Post-op
[ ] Patient position: lumbar sacral support	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Position: Additional instructions: lumbar sacral support Obtain from orthotic provider., PACU & Post-op
[ ] Call Raborn Orthotics at 713-349-8117 for application of orthotic device	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op
[ ] No anticoagulants INcluding UNfractionated heparin	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Reason for "No" order: PACU & Post-op
[ ] No anti-platelet agents INcluding aspirin	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Reason for "No" order: PACU & Post-op

Notify

[X] Notify Physician if acute change in neurological status	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op
[X] Notify Physician of No Bowel Movement for more than 72 hours	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, PACU & Post-op

Diet

[ ] Diet - Clear liquids (advance as tolerated to Regular)	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Clear Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Yes Target Diet: Regular Advance target diet criteria: Please assess bowel sounds between progressions. Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: PACU & Post-op

[ ] Diet - Regular	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Regular Advance Diet as Tolerated? Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Diet - 2000 Kcal/225 gm Carb	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): 2000 Kcal/225 gm Carbohydrate Advance Diet as Tolerated? Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Diet - Full liquids	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Full Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Diet	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Other Options: Advance Diet as Tolerated? Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: PACU & Post-op

Education

[ ] Patient education - Activity	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Activity PACU & Post-op
[X] Patient education - Deep breathing and coughing exercises	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Other (specify) Specify: Deep breathing and coughing exercises PACU & Post-op
[X] Patient education - Incentive spirometry	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Incentive spirometry PACU & Post-op
[X] Patient education - Pain management	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Other (specify) Specify: Pain management PACU & Post-op
[ ] Patient education - Smoking cessation	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Smoking cessation counseling PACU & Post-op
[X] Patient education - Wound care	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Education for: Other (specify) Specify: Wound care PACU & Post-op

IV Fluids

IV Fluids (Single Response)

( ) lactated Ringer's infusion	intravenous, continuous, Post-op

( )	sodium chloride 0.9 % infusion	intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( )	sodium chloride 0.9 % with potassium chloride 20 mEq/L infusion	intravenous, continuous, Post-op
( )	dextrose 5 % and sodium chloride 0.45 % with potassium chloride 20 mEq/L infusion - for NPO Patients	intravenous, continuous, Post-op

Medications

Steroids (Single Response)

( )	dexamethasone (DECADRON) IV	4 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours scheduled, Post-op
( )	methylPREDNISolone sodium succinate (Solu-MEDROL) injection	40 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours scheduled, Post-op
( )	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL PAK) dose pack (start in AM)	

THIS A PANEL. DO NOT EDIT.

[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	8 mg, oral, before breakfast - one time, For 1 Doses, Post-op
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	4 mg, oral, after lunch - one time, For 1 Doses, Post-op
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	4 mg, oral, after dinner - one time, For 1 Doses, Post-op All day-1 doses may be given (up to 6 tablets) may be given at one time based on time of day.
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	8 mg, oral, nightly - one time, For 1 Doses, Post-op All day-1 doses may be given (up to 6 tablets) may be given at one time based on time of day.
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	4 mg, oral, 3 times daily around food, Starting S+1, For 3 Doses, Post-op
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	8 mg, oral, nightly - one time, Starting S+1, For 1 Doses, Post-op
[ ]	methylPREDNISolone (MEDROL) tablet	4 mg, oral, 4 times daily tapering, Starting S+2, Post-op

Medications

[ ]	pantoprazole (PROTONIX) IV or ORAL	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[ ]	pantoprazole (PROTONIX) EC tablet	40 mg, oral, daily at 0600, Post-op Indication(s) for Proton Pump Inhibitor (PPI) Therapy:
[ ]	pantoprazole (PROTONIX) 40 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 10 mL injection	40 mg, intravenous, daily at 0600, Post-op Indication(s) for Proton Pump Inhibitor (PPI) Therapy:

Medications - Bowel Management

[ ]	polyethylene glycol (MIRALAX) packet	17 g, oral, 2 times daily, Post-op
[ ]	Stool Softener Options (Single Response)	
( )	docusate sodium (COLACE) capsule	100 mg, oral, 2 times daily, Post-op
( )	sennosides-docusate sodium (SENOKOT-S) 8.6-50 mg per tablet	2 tablet, oral, nightly, Post-op

Antibiotics - NOT HMWB (Single Response)

( ) Antibiotics - Neurosurgery - patients with surgical site drains

[ ]	cefazolin (ANCEF) IV - until drains removed	1 g, intravenous, every 8 hours, Post-op Administer until all drains removed. Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	cefepime (MAXIPIME) IV - until drains removed	1 g, intravenous, every 12 hours, Post-op Administer until all drains removed. Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	vancomycin (VANCOCIN) - until drains removed	1 g, intravenous, every 12 hours, Post-op Administer until all drains removed. Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis Indication:

( ) Antibiotics - Neurosurgery - patients withOUT surgical site drains

[ ]	cefazolin (ANCEF) IV	1 g, intravenous, once, Starting H, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	cefepime (MAXIPIME) IV	1 g, intravenous, once, Starting H, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	vancomycin (VANCOCIN)	1 g, intravenous, once, Starting H, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis Indication:

Antibiotics - HMWB Only (Single Response)

( )	Antibiotics - Neurosurgery - patients with surgical site drains	
[ ]	cefazolin (ANCEF) IV - until drains removed	1 g, intravenous, every 8 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	cefepime (MAXIPIME) IV	1 g, intravenous, every 12 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	vancomycin (VANCOCIN) IV	1,000 mg, intravenous, every 12 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
( )	Antibiotics - Neurosurgery - patients withOUT surgical site drains	
[ ]	cefazolin (ANCEF) IV	1 g, intravenous, every 8 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	cefepime (MAXIPIME) IV	1 g, intravenous, every 12 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[ ]	vancomycin (VANCOCIN) IV	1,000 mg, intravenous, every 12 hours Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis

Antiemetics

[X]	ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral (Selection Required)	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[X]	ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X]	ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[ ]	promethazine (PHENERGAN) IV or Oral or Rectal	**"Or" Linked Panel**
[ ]	promethazine (PHENERGAN) 12.5 mg IV	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[ ]	promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[ ]	promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.
[ ]	scopolamine (TRANSDERM-SCOP) 1.5 mg (1 mg over 3 days) - For Patients LESS than 65 years old	1 patch, transdermal, for 72 Hours, every 72 hours, Post-op

PRN Medications - Symptom Management

[ ]	acetaminophen (TYLENOL) tablet	650 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, fever, Temperature greater than 101 F, Post-op
[ ]	Itching - Neurosurgery medications (Single Response) Avoid diphenhydramine use in patients over 70 years old when possible.	
( )	cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op
( )	diphenhydrAMINE (BENADRYL) injection	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 12 hours PRN, itching, Post-op

PRN Medications - Bowel Management (Single Response)

( )	magnesium hydroxide suspension	30 mL, oral, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op

( ) bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) EC tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
( ) bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) suppository	10 mg, rectal, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
( ) magnesium citrate solution	150 mL, oral, daily PRN, constipation, For 2 Doses, Post-op

PRN Medications - Bowel Management

[ ] saline,mineral oil,glycerin (S.M.O.G.) enema	180 mL, rectal, once, Post-op

Muscle Relaxants (Single Response)

( ) methocarbamol (ROBAXIN) 500 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 100 mL IVPB	500 mg, intravenous, for 60 Minutes, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, Post-op
( ) methocarbamol (ROBAXIN) tablet	500 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, Post-op
( ) cyclobenzaprine (FLEXERIL) tablet	5 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, Post-op

Muscle Relaxants - Refractory Treatments (Single Response)

( ) diazepam (VALIUM) injection	2.5 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, inadequate muscle spasm relief following administration of other agents, Post-op Indication(s): Other Specify: Muscle Relaxant
( ) diazepam (VALIUM) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, inadequate muscle spasm relief following administration of other agents, Post-op Indication(s): Other Specify: Muscle Relaxant

PRN Medications - Pain - Pain Score (1-3) (Single Response)

( ) traMADol (ULTRAM) tablet	25 mg, oral, every 4 hours PRN, mild pain (score 1-3), Post-op Maximum Daily Dose: 200 mg/day

PCA Medications (Single Response)

( ) morPHINE PCA 30 mg/30 mL

[ ] morPHINE 30 mg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 1 mg Lockout Interval: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 20 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26657::"2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26659::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26660::"0.5"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
[ ] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[ ] Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op

[ ] Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
[ ] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[ ] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

( ) hydromorPHONE PCA (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL

[ ] hydromorPHONE (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 0.2 mg Lockout: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 3 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26662::"0.2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26663::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26664::"0.1"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors. Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
[ ] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[ ] Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
[ ] Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op

[ ] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[ ] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

( ) fentaNYL PCA (SUBLIMAZE) 1500 mcg/30 mL

[ ] fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) 1500 mcg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 10 mcg Lockout (recommended 6-8 min): Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mcg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 150 mcg intravenous, continuous, Post-op **Due to fentaNYL 600 mcg/30 mL shortages, the new standard for all facilities will be fentaNYL 1500 mcg/30 mL. This concentration is 2.5 x more concentrated.** Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patient 19-59 years old, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26656::"25"} mcg every {Bolus Frequency:26655::"2"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26654::"10"} mcg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors. Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
[ ] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
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[ ] Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
[ ] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op

[ ] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

PCA Medications (Single Response)

( ) morPHINE PCA 30 mg/30 mL

[ ] morPHINE 30 mg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 1 mg Lockout Interval: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 20 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26657::"2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26659::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26660::"0.5"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
[ ] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[ ] Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
[ ] Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
[ ] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[ ] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

( ) hydromorPHONE PCA (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL

[ ]	hydromorPHONE (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 0.2 mg Lockout: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 3 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26662::"0.2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26663::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26664::"0.1"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors. Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
[ ]	Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[ ]	Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
[ ]	Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
[ ]	Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[ ]	naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

( ) fentaNYL PCA (SUBLIMAZE) 600 mcg/30 mL

[ ]	fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) 600 mcg/30 mL PCA	Nurse Loading Dose: Not Ordered PCA Dose: 10 mcg Lockout Interval: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mcg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 150 mcg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patient 19-59 years old, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26656::"25"} mcg every {Bolus Frequency:26655::"2"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26654::"10"} mcg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors. Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
[ ]	Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[ ]	Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
[ ]	Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
[ ]	Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[ ]	naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3)., Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

PRN Medications - Pain - Pain Score (4-6) (Single Response)

( )	acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) 300-30 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 4 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Do not exceed 3000 mg of acetaminophen daily from all sources.
( )	traMADol (ULTRAM) tablet	50 mg, oral, every 4 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum Daily Dose: 200 mg/day

PRN Medications - Pain - Pain Score (7-10) (Single Response)

( )	acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) 300-30 mg per tablet	2 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Do not exceed 3000 mg of acetaminophen daily from all sources.

Breakthrough Pain (Single Response)

( )	fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) injection	25 mcg, intravenous, every 2 hour PRN, other, pain (score: 4-10) - inadequate pain relief following administration of oral agents, Post-op Administer after pain re-assessment for inadequate pain relief.
( )	morphine 2 mg/mL injection	2 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, other, pain (score: 4-10) - inadequate pain relief following administration of oral agents, Post-op Administer after pain re-assessment for inadequate pain relief.
( )	HYDROmorphone (DILAUDID) injection	0.5 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, other, pain (score: 4-10) - inadequate pain relief following administration of oral agents, Post-op Administer after pain re-assessment for inadequate pain relief.

VTE

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response) (Selection Required)

URL: "\appt1.pdf"

( )	Patient currently has an active order for therapeutic anticoagulant or VTE prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op

( ) LOW Risk of DVT (Selection Required)

Low Risk Definition
Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors

[ ] Low Risk (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( )	Low risk of VTE	Routine, Once Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed. Will encourgae early ambulation PACU & Post-op

( ) MODERATE Risk of DVT - Surgical (Selection Required)

Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome
Age 60 and above
Central line
History of DVT or family history of VTE
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours
Less than fully and independently ambulatory
Estrogen therapy
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

[ ] Moderate Risk (Selection Required)

[ ]	Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( )	Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis BUT order Sequential compression device	**"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis AND mechanical prophylaxis **"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

( ) MODERATE Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical (Selection Required)

Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome
Age 60 and above
Central line
History of DVT or family history of VTE
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours
Less than fully and independently ambulatory
Estrogen therapy
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

[ ] Moderate Risk (Selection Required)	
[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis - Order Sequential compression device	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis AND mechanical prophylaxis	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Surgical (Selection Required)	

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical (Selection Required)

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee) (Selection Required)

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)	
[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s):
( ) apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1 Indications:
( ) aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1
( ) aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1 If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1 Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)	

( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response)

URL: "\appt1.pdf"

( ) Patient currently has an active order for therapeutic anticoagulant or VTE prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op

( ) LOW Risk of DVT (Selection Required)

Low Risk Definition
Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors

[ ] Low Risk (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Low risk of VTE	Routine, Once Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed. Will encourgae early ambulation PACU & Post-op

( ) MODERATE Risk of DVT - Surgical (Selection Required)

Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome
Age 60 and above
Central line
History of DVT or family history of VTE
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours
Less than fully and independently ambulatory
Estrogen therapy
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

[ ] Moderate Risk (Selection Required)

[ ] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis BUT order Sequential compression device **"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis AND mechanical prophylaxis **"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( )	enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( )	enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( )	patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( )	patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( )	patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( )	fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( )	heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( )	heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( )	warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( )	Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

( ) MODERATE Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical (Selection Required)

Moderate Risk Definition
Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome
Age 60 and above
Central line
History of DVT or family history of VTE
Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours
Less than fully and independently ambulatory
Estrogen therapy
Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)
Major surgery within 3 months of admission

[ ]	Moderate Risk (Selection Required)	
[ ]	Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( )	Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis - Order Sequential compression device	**"And" Linked Panel**
[ ]	Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
( )	Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis AND mechanical prophylaxis	**"And" Linked Panel**

[ ] Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
[ ] Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Surgical (Selection Required)

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)

[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min

( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800, Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical (Selection Required)

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)

[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S
( ) patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700, Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
( ) patients weight between 100-139 kg AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

( ) patients weight 140 kg or GREATER AND CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:

[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

( ) HIGH Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee) (Selection Required)

High Risk Definition
Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.
One or more of the following medical conditions:
Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)
Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg
Acute spinal cord injury with paresis
Multiple major traumas
Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER
Acute ischemic stroke
History of PE

[ ] High Risk (Selection Required)

[ ] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[ ] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s):
( ) apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1 Indications:
( ) aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1
( ) aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response) (Selection Required)

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600, Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min.

( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.
( ) enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
( ) fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1 If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
( ) heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM
( ) heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
( ) rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (TIME CRITICAL), Starting S+1 To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
( ) warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700, Starting S+1 Indication:
( ) Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[ ] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response) (Selection Required)	
( ) Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
( ) Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op

Labs

Laboratory

[ ] Type and screen	
[ ] Type and screen	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] ABO and Rh confirmation	Once, Blood Bank Confirmation
[ ] CBC with platelet and differential	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Hemoglobin and hematocrit	Once In Recovery room., PACU & Post-op
[ ] Partial thromboplastin time	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Prothrombin time with INR	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Basic metabolic panel	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Calcium level	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Magnesium level	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Phosphorus level	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Blood gas, arterial	Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Urinalysis screen and microscopy, with reflex to culture	Once Specimen Source: Urine Specimen Site: PACU & Post-op

Labs - AM

[ ] Basic metabolic panel	AM draw, Starting S+1 For 1 Occurrences, PACU & Post-op
[ ] CBC with platelet and differential	AM draw, Starting S+1 For 1 Occurrences, PACU & Post-op
[X] Partial thromboplastin time	AM draw, Starting S+1 For 1 Occurrences, PACU & Post-op
[ ] Prothrombin time with INR	AM draw, Starting S+1 For 1 Occurrences, PACU & Post-op

Labs - AM Daily x 3

[ ]	Hemoglobin	AM draw repeats For 3 Occurrences, PACU & Post-op

Cardiology

Imaging

CT

[ ]	CT Cervical Spine Wo Contrast	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	CT Thoracic Spine Wo Contrast	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	CT Lumbar Spine Wo Contrast	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op

X-ray

[ ]	Chest 1 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Chest 1 Vw in AM	Routine, 1 time imaging, Starting S+1 For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Chest 2 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	XR Spine Scoliosos 2-3 Views	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 Please add 32 millimeter image calibration necklace to the field of view., PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Cervical Spine 1 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Cervical Spine 2 Or 3 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Thoracic Spine 1 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Lumbar Spine 1 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Lumbar Spine Ap Lateral Flexion And Extension	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Lumbar Spine Complete 4+ Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Thoracolumbar Spine 2 Vw	Routine, 1 time imaging For 1 , PACU & Post-op

Other Studies

Respiratory

Respiratory

[ ]	Oxygen therapy - Simple face mask	Routine, Continuous Device: Simple Face Mask Rate in liters per minute: 6 lpm Rate in tenths of a liter per minute: O2 %: Titrate to keep O2 Sat Above: 92% Indications for O2 therapy: Device 2: Device 3: PACU & Post-op
[X]	Incentive spirometry	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Mechanical ventilation	Routine, PACU & Post-op Mechanical Ventilation: Vent Management Strategies: Vent Management Strategies: Vent Management Strategies: Vent Management Strategies:

Rehab

Consults

For Physician Consult orders use sidebar

Consults Ancillary

[ ]	Consult to Case Management for discharge planning	Consult Reason: Discharge Planning PACU & Post-op
[ ]	Consult to Social Work	Reason for Consult: PACU & Post-op

[X] Consult PT Eval and Treat	Reasons for referral to Physical Therapy (mark all applicable): Are there any restrictions for positioning or mobility? Please provide safe ranges for HR, BP, O2 saturation(if values are very abnormal): Weight Bearing Status: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult PT wound care	Special Instructions: Location of Wound? PACU & Post-op
[X] Consult OT Eval and Teat	Reason for referral to Occupational Therapy (mark all that apply): Are there any restrictions for positioning or mobility? Please provide safe ranges for HR, BP, O2 saturation(if values are very abnormal): Weight Bearing Status: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult to Nutrition Services	Reason For Consult? Purpose/Topic: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult to Spiritual Care	Reason for consult? PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult to Speech Language Pathology	Routine, Once Reason for consult: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult to Wound Ostomy Care nurse	Reason for consult: Reason for consult: Reason for consult: Reason for consult: Consult for NPWT: Reason for consult: Reason for consult: PACU & Post-op
[ ] Consult to Respiratory Therapy	Reason for Consult? PACU & Post-op

Additional Orders