

General

Common Present on Admission Diagnosis

[] Acidosis	Post-op
[] Acute Post-Hemorrhagic Anemia	Post-op
[] Acute Renal Failure	Post-op
[] Acute Respiratory Failure	Post-op
[] Acute Thromboembolism of Deep Veins of Lower Extremities	Post-op
[] Anemia	Post-op
[] Bacteremia	Post-op
[] Bipolar disorder, unspecified	Post-op
[] Cardiac Arrest	Post-op
[] Cardiac Dysrhythmia	Post-op
[] Cardiogenic Shock	Post-op
[] Decubitus Ulcer	Post-op
[] Dementia in Conditions Classified Elsewhere	Post-op
[] Disorder of Liver	Post-op
[] Electrolyte and Fluid Disorder	Post-op
[] Intestinal Infection due to Clostridium Difficile	Post-op
[] Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus Infection	Post-op
[] Obstructive Chronic Bronchitis with Exacerbation	Post-op
[] Other Alteration of Consciousness	Post-op
[] Other and Unspecified Coagulation Defects	Post-op
[] Other Pulmonary Embolism and Infarction	Post-op
[] Phlebitis and Thrombophlebitis	Post-op
[] Protein-calorie Malnutrition	Post-op
[] Psychosis, unspecified psychosis type	Post-op
[] Schizophrenia Disorder	Post-op
[] Sepsis	Post-op
[] Septic Shock	Post-op
[] Septicemia	Post-op
[] Type II or Unspecified Type Diabetes Mellitus with Mention of Complication, Not Stated as Uncontrolled	Post-op
[] Urinary Tract Infection, Site Not Specified	Post-op

Elective Outpatient, Observation, or Admission (Single Response)

() Elective outpatient procedure: Discharge following routine recovery	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
() Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
() Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op

Admission or Observation (Single Response)

Patient has active outpatient status order on file

() Admit to Inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
() Outpatient observation services under general supervision	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
() Outpatient in a bed - extended recovery	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Bed request comments: PACU & Post-op
() Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
() Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Admission (Single Response)

Patient has active status order on file

() Admit to inpatient	Diagnosis: Admitting Physician: Level of Care: Patient Condition: Bed request comments: Certification: I certify that based on my best clinical judgment and the patient's condition as documented in the HP and progress notes, I expect that the patient will need hospital services for two or more midnights. PACU & Post-op
() Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
() Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Transfer (Single Response)

Patient has active inpatient status order on file

() Transfer patient	Level of Care: Bed request comments: Scheduling/ADT
() Return to previous bed	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Scheduling/ADT

Code Status

[] Full Code	Code Status decision reached by: Post-op
[] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate)	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Post-op
[] DNR (Do Not Resuscitate)	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Post-op

<input type="checkbox"/> Consult to Palliative Care Service	Priority: Reason for Consult? Order? Name of referring provider: Enter call back number:
<input type="checkbox"/> Consult to Social Work	Reason for Consult: Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Modified Code	Does patient have decision-making capacity? Modified Code restrictions: Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Treatment Restrictions	Treatment Restriction decision reached by: Specify Treatment Restrictions: Post-op

Isolation

<input type="checkbox"/> Airborne isolation status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact isolation status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/> Droplet isolation status	Details
<input type="checkbox"/> Enteric isolation status	Details

Precautions

<input type="checkbox"/> Aspiration precautions	Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Fall precautions	Increased observation level needed: Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Latex precautions	Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Seizure precautions	Increased observation level needed: Post-op

Nursing

Vital Signs

<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP (Q15min)	Routine, Every 15 min Times 4, then every 30 minutes times 4, then every hour times 4, then every 4 hours times 24 hours, then every 8 hours if stable., PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP (Q4 hours)	Routine, Every 4 hours, Post-op

Activity

<input type="checkbox"/> Ambulate patient	Routine, Every shift Specify: Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Weight bearing	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S Weight Bearing Status: Extremity: Post-op

Equipment

<input type="checkbox"/> Obtain supply / device:	Routine, Once Obtain: PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> CPM	Routine, Daily Location to start: Apply to: CPM range from (degrees): 0 CPM range to (degrees): 45 Daily duration: Advance or Progress: Other Specify: 5-10 degrees as tolerated Night time use: Wear intermittently at night Post-op

Nursing Assessments

[] Peripheral vascular assessment	Routine, Per unit protocol Until discharge., Post-op
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Nursing Intervention

[] Intake and output	Routine, Every shift, Post-op
[] Insert and Maintain Foley	
[] Insert Foley catheter	Routine, Once Type: Size: Urinometer needed: If unable to void., Post-op
[] Foley Catheter Care	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S For 48 Hours Orders: to gravity Post-op
[] Foley catheter - discontinue	Routine, Once, Starting S+1 Post-op day ***, Post-op
[] Straight cath	Routine, Every 6 hours If unable to void on 3rd occasion, insert foley and call MD., Post-op
[] Brace (singular) on at all times, locked in extension. Remove for CPM.	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Post-op

Diet

[] Diet - Clear liquids, advance as tolerated to Regular	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Clear Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Yes Target Diet: Regular Advance target diet criteria: Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: Please assess bowel sounds between progressions., PACU & Post-op
[] Diet - Clear liquids, advance as tolerated to Diabetic 1800 Carb Control	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Clear Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Yes Target Diet: Diabetic 1800 Carb Control Advance target diet criteria: Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: Please assess bowel sounds between progressions., PACU & Post-op
[] Diet - Clear liquids, advance as tolerated to Heart Healthy	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Clear Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Yes Target Diet: Heart Healthy Advance target diet criteria: Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: Please assess bowel sounds between progressions., PACU & Post-op

[] Diet - Clear liquids, advance as tolerated to Renal (80GM Pro, 2-3GM Na, 2-3GM K)	Diet effective now, Starting S Diet(s): Clear Liquids Advance Diet as Tolerated? Yes Target Diet: Renal (80GM Pro, 2-3GM Na, 2-3GM K) Advance target diet criteria: Liquid Consistency: Fluid Restriction: Foods to Avoid: Please assess bowel sounds between progressions., PACU & Post-op
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Notify

[] Notify Consulting Provider of patient's location	Routine, Once For 1 Occurrences, Post-op
[] Notify Physician if changes in airway status, vital signs, change in Neurological status or excessive wound drainage	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, Post-op

Education

[] Patient education - Instruct Patient on Lovenox Injection	Routine, Once Patient/Family: Patient Education for: Other (specify) Specify: Instruct Patient on Lovenox Injection Post-op
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IV Fluids

IV Fluids (Single Response)

() sodium chloride 0.9 % infusion	75 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
() lactated Ringer's infusion	75 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
() dextrose 5 % and sodium chloride 0.45 % with potassium chloride 20 mEq/L infusion	75 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
() sodium chloride 0.45 % infusion	75 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op
() sodium chloride 0.45 % 1,000 mL with sodium bicarbonate 75 mEq/L infusion	75 mL/hr, intravenous, continuous, Post-op

Medications

IV Antibiotics: For Patients GREATER than 120 kg

[] cefazolin (ANCEF) IV - For Patients GREATER than 120 kg	3 g, intravenous, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[] clindamycin (CLEOCIN) IV - For Penicillin Allergic Patients	900 mg, intravenous, for 30 Minutes, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[] vancomycin (VANCOCIN) IV	15 mg/kg, intravenous, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis

IV Antibiotics: For Patients LESS than or EQUAL to 120 kg

[] cefazolin (ANCEF) IV - For Patients LESS than or EQUAL to 120 kg	2 g, intravenous, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op For patients LESS than or EQUAL to 120 kg Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[] clindamycin (CLEOCIN) IV - For Penicillin Allergic Patients	900 mg, intravenous, for 30 Minutes, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis
[] vancomycin (VANCOCIN) IV	15 mg/kg, intravenous, once, For 1 Doses, Post-op Type of Therapy: New Anti-Infective Order Reason for Therapy: Surgical Prophylaxis

PRN Mild Pain (Pain Score 1-3) (Single Response)
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() acetaminophen (TYLENOL) tablet OR oral solution	"Or" Linked Panel
Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)	
<input type="checkbox"/> acetaminophen (TYLENOL) tablet	650 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, mild pain (score 1-3), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. Give the tablet if the patient can tolerate oral medication. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)
<input type="checkbox"/> acetaminophen (TYLENOL)suspension	650 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, mild pain (score 1-3), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources). Use if patient cannot tolerate oral tablet.

PRN Oral for Moderate Pain (Pain Score 4-6): For Patients GREATER than 65 years old (Single Response)
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel
Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)	
<input type="checkbox"/> acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) 300-30 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources). Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
<input type="checkbox"/> acetaminophen-codeine 300 mg-30 mg /12.5 mL solution	12.5 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources) Use if patient cannot swallow tablet.
() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen 5/325 (NORCO) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel
Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)	
<input type="checkbox"/> HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6)
<input type="checkbox"/> HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (HYCET) 2.5-108.3 mg/5 mL solution	10 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6)
() traMADol (ULTRAM) tablet - For eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min, change frequency to every 12 hours)	25 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op (Max Daily dose not to exceed 200 mg/day). Give if patient can tolerate oral medication.

PRN Oral for Moderate Pain (Pain Score 4-6): For Patients LESS than 65 years old (Single Response)
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel
Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)	

[] acetaminophen-codeine (TYLENOL #3) 300-30 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources). Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[] acetaminophen-codeine 300 mg-30 mg /12.5 mL solution	12.5 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources) Use if patient cannot swallow tablet.
() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen 5/325 (NORCO) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6)
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (HYCET) 2.5-108.3 mg/5 mL solution	10 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6)
() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen 7.5/325 (NORCO) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 7.5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources). Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (HYCET) 7.5-325 mg/15 mL solution	15 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources) Use if patient cannot swallow tablet.
() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen 10/325 (NORCO) tablet OR elixir	"Or" Linked Panel Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources)
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO 10-325) 10-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources). Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[] HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (HYCET) 7.5-325 mg/15 mL solution	20 mL, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Maximum of 3 grams of acetaminophen per day from all sources. (Cirrhosis patients maximum: 2 grams per day from all sources) Use if patient can not swallow tablet.
() traMADol (ULTRAM) tablet - For eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min, change frequency to every 12 hours)	50 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op (Max Daily dose not to exceed 200 mg/day). Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication

PRN IV for Moderate Pain (Pain Score 4-6): For Patients GREATER than 65 years old (Single Response)

If you select a PCA option you will not be allowed to also order IV PRN pain medications from this section.
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) injection	12.5 mcg, intravenous, every 2 hour PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() morphine 2 mg/mL injection	1 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) injection	0.2 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() ketorolac (TORADOL) injection - Do not use in patients with eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min.	15 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), For 5 Days, Post-op Do not use in patients with eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min. Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed.

PRN IV for Moderate Pain (Pain Score 4-6): For Patients LESS than 65 years old (Single Response)

If you select a PCA option you will not be allowed to also order IV PRN pain medications from this section.
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) injection	25 mcg, intravenous, every 2 hour PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() morphine 2 mg/mL injection	2 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) injection	0.5 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() ketorolac (TORADOL) IV (Single Response)	Do NOT use in patients with eGFR LESS than 30 mL/min AND/OR patients LESS than 17 years of age. WARNING: Use is contraindicated for treatment of perioperative pain OR in the setting of coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery.

() For patients ages GREATER than 64 OR weight LESS than 50 kg OR eGFR 30-59 mL/min - ketorolac (TORADOL) injection	15 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), For 5 Days
() For patients ages 17-64 AND weight GREATER than or EQUAL to 50 kg AND eGFR at least 60 mL/min - ketorolac (TORADOL) injection	30 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, moderate pain (score 4-6), For 5 Days

PRN Oral for Severe Pain (Pain Score 7-10): For Patients LESS than 65 years old (Single Response)

(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) tablet	2 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication
() morphine (MSIR) tablet	15 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication
() oxyCODONE (ROXICODONE) immediate release tablet	10 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication

PRN Oral for Severe Pain (Pain Score 7-10): For Patients GREATER than 65 years old (Single Response)

(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO) 7.5-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication
() HYDROcodone-acetaminophen (NORCO 10-325) 10-325 mg per tablet	1 tablet, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication

() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) tablet	2 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication
() morphine (MSIR) tablet	15 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication
() oxyCODONE (ROXICODONE) immediate release tablet	5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication

PRN IV for Severe Pain (Pain Score 7-10): For Patients LESS than 65 years old (Single Response)

If you select a PCA option you will not be allowed to also order IV PRN pain medications from this section.
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) injection	50 mcg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() morphine injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) injection	0.8 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed

PRN IV for Severe Pain (Pain Score 7-10): For Patients GREATER than 65 years old (Single Response)

If you select a PCA option you will not be allowed to also order IV PRN pain medications from this section.
(adjust dose for renal/liver function and age)

() fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) injection	25 mcg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() morphine injection	2 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed
() HYDROmorphine (DILAUDID) injection	0.5 mg, intravenous, every 3 hours PRN, severe pain (score 7-10), Post-op Use if patient is unable to swallow or faster onset is needed

PCA Medications (Single Response)

() morPHINE PCA 30 mg/30 mL	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 1 mg Lockout: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 20 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26657::"2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26659::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26660::"0.5"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
[] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op

<input type="checkbox"/> Richmond agitation sedation scale	<p>Routine, Once</p> <p>Hold infusion daily at:</p> <p>Target RASS:</p> <p>BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60):</p> <p>60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Physician (Specify)	<p>Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	<p>Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	<p>0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op</p> <p>Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.</p>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> hydromorPHONE PCA (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL	<p>Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered
PCA Dose: 0.2 mg
Lockout: Not Ordered
Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr
MAX (Four hour dose limit): 3 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op</p> <p>Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26662::"0.2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26663::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26664::"0.1"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.</p> <p>Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	<p>Routine, Per unit protocol</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Richmond agitation sedation scale	<p>Routine, Once</p> <p>Hold infusion daily at:</p> <p>Target RASS:</p> <p>BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60):</p> <p>60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op</p>

<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fentaNYL PCA (SUBLIMAZE) 600 mcg/30 mL	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 10 mcg Lockout Interval: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mcg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 150 mcg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patient 19-59 years old, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26656::"25"} mcg every {Bolus Frequency:26655::"2"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26654::"10"} mcg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
<input type="checkbox"/> fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) 600 mcg/30 mL PCA	Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op

<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

PCA Medications (Single Response)

<input type="radio"/> morPHINE PCA 30 mg/30 mL	
<input type="checkbox"/> morPHINE 30 mg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 1 mg Lockout: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 20 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26657::"2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26659::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26660::"0.5"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op

<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> hydromorPHONE PCA (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 0.2 mg Lockout: Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 3 mg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patients ages 19-59 years old with normal renal function, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26662::"0.2"} mg every {Bolus Frequency:26663::"3"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26664::"0.1"} mg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors. Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
<input type="checkbox"/> hydromorPHONE (DILAUDID) 15 mg/30 mL PCA	
<input type="checkbox"/> Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op

[] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.
() fentaNYL PCA (SUBLIMAZE) 1500 mcg/30 mL	
[] fentaNYL (SUBLIMAZE) 1500 mcg/30 mL PCA	Loading Dose (optional): Not Ordered PCA Dose: 10 mcg Lockout (recommended 6-8 min): Not Ordered Continuous Dose: 0 mcg/hr MAX (Four hour dose limit): 150 mcg intravenous, continuous, Post-op Management of breakthrough pain. Administer only if respiratory rate 12 per minute or more and POSS level of 2 or less. If more than 2 bolus doses in 12 hours or if pain persists after increase in demand dose, call ordering prescriber. For breakthrough pain in patient 19-59 years old, may bolus {Bolus Dose:26656::"25"} mcg every {Bolus Frequency:26655::"2"} hours as needed. If pain persists, may increase PCA demand dose by {PCA Dose:26654::"10"} mcg ONCE. Adjust doses for age, renal function or other factors.
	Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) On Date: Turn Off PCA Continuous Dose (Basal Rate) At Time:
[] Vital signs - T/P/R/BP	Routine, Per unit protocol - Initially and every 30 minutes for 1 hour after PCA started, bolus administration or dose change; then - Every hour x 2 starting second hour after PCA started, bolus administered or dose change; then - Every 4 hours until PCA therapy is discontinued. - Immediately following PCA administration tubing change, Post-op
[] Richmond agitation sedation scale	Routine, Once Hold infusion daily at: Target RASS: BIS Monitoring (Target BIS: 40-60): 60 minutes after administration of pain medication AND every 4 hours. Assess and document side effects of at least every 4 hours for duration of therapy and when patient complains of pain and/or side effects., Post-op
[] Notify Physician (Specify)	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - PCA pump infusion discontinued for any reason - Inadequate analgesia - Prior to administration of any other narcotics, antiemetics, or sedatives other than those ordered by the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy - PCA pump discontinued by any service other than the prescriber responsible for IV PCA therapy, Post-op

[] Stop the PCA pump and call ordering physician and/or CERT team for any of the following:	Routine, Until discontinued, Starting S, - Respiratory rate 10 per minute or less - Severe and/or recent confusion or disorientation - POSS sedation level 4: Somnolent and difficult to arouse - Sustained hypotension (SBP less than 90) - Excessive nausea or vomiting - Urinary retention, Post-op
[] naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.2 mg	0.2 mg, intravenous, once PRN, respiratory depression, as needed for respiratory rate 8 per minute or less OR patient somnolent and difficult to arouse (POSS GREATER than 3), For 1 Doses, Post-op Repeat Naloxone 0.2 mg once in 2 minutes if necessary (MAXIMUM 0.4 mg). If naloxone is needed, please call the ordering physician and/or CERT team. Monitor vital signs (pulse oximetry, P/R/BP) every 15 minutes for 3 times.

Antiemetics - HMH, HMSJ, HMW, HMSTC, HMTW Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	"Or" Linked Panel
[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IV or Oral or Rectal	"Or" Linked Panel
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 12.5 mg IV	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Antiemetics - HMSL, HMWB Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	"Or" Linked Panel
[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IV or Oral or Rectal	"Or" Linked Panel
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 12.5 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 0.9 % 20 mL for Alaris pump syringe option	12.5 mg, intravenous, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Antiemetics - HMSTJ Only

[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) IV or Oral	"Or" Linked Panel
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[X] ondansetron ODT (ZOFRAN-ODT) disintegrating tablet	4 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] ondansetron (ZOFRAN) 4 mg/2 mL injection	4 mg, intravenous, every 8 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) IVPB or Oral or Rectal	"Or" Linked Panel
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) 25 mg in sodium chloride 0.9 % 50 mL IVPB	12.5 mg, intravenous, for 30 Minutes, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral or rectal medication OR if a faster onset of action is required.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) tablet	12.5 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is able to tolerate oral medication.
[X] promethazine (PHENERGAN) suppository	12.5 mg, rectal, every 6 hours PRN, nausea, vomiting, Post-op Give if ondansetron (ZOFRAN) is ineffective and patient is UNable to tolerate oral medication.

Bowel Care (Single Response)

() sennosides-docusate sodium (SENOKOT-S) 8.6-50 mg per tablet	2 tablet, oral, nightly PRN, constipation, Post-op
() simethicone (MYLICON) chewable tablet	160 mg, oral, 4 times daily PRN, flatulence, Post-op
() docusate sodium (COLACE) capsule	100 mg, oral, 2 times daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
() magnesium hydroxide suspension - NOT RECOMMENDED FOR CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE STAGE 3 OR GREATER	30 mL, oral, every 12 hours PRN, constipation, Post-op Do not give if patient is on hemodialysis or is in chronic renal failure.
() bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) EC tablet	10 mg, oral, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op
() bisacodyl (DULCOLAX) suppository	10 mg, rectal, daily PRN, constipation, Post-op

Symptom Management

[] acetaminophen (TYLENOL) tablet	650 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, headaches, fever, Temperature greater than 101, Post-op
[] benzocaine-menthol (CEPACOL MAX) lozenge 15-3.6 mg	1 lozenge, buccal, PRN, sore throat, Post-op
[] pantoprazole (PROTONIX) EC tablet	40 mg, oral, daily at 0600, Post-op Indication(s) for Proton Pump Inhibitor (PPI) Therapy:
[] ergocalciferol (ERGOCALCIFEROL) capsule	50,000 Units, oral, weekly, Post-op POD #1
[] cholecalciferol (VITAMIN D3) capsule	2,000 Units, oral, daily, Post-op
[] dexamethasone (DECADRON) IV	intravenous, once, Starting S+1, For 1 Doses, Post-op POD #1
[] methocarbamol (ROBAXIN) tablet	500 mg, oral, every 8 hours PRN, muscle spasms, For 24 Hours, Post-op Muscle relaxants should be minimized in patients over 65 years old.

Itching: For Patients GREATER than 77 years old (Single Response)

() cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op
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Itching: For Patients between 70-76 years old (Single Response)

() cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op
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Itching: For Patients LESS than 70 years old (Single Response)

() diphenhydRamine (BENADRYL) tablet	25 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, itching, Post-op
() hydrOXYzine (ATARAX) tablet	10 mg, oral, every 6 hours PRN, itching, Post-op
() cetirizine (ZyrTEC) tablet	5 mg, oral, daily PRN, itching, Post-op
() fexofenadine (ALLEGRA) tablet - For eGFR LESS than 80 mL/min, reduce frequency to once daily as needed	60 mg, oral, 2 times daily PRN, itching, Post-op

Insomnia

ramelteon (ROZEREM) tablet

8 mg, oral, nightly PRN, sleep, Post-op

VTE

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response)

Low Risk Definition Moderate Risk Definition

Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated. High Risk Definition

Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.

Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors One or more of the following medical conditions: One or more of the following medical conditions:

Patient already adequately anticoagulated CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)

Age 60 and above Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg

Central line Acute spinal cord injury with paresis

History of DVT or family history of VTE Multiple major traumas

Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER

Less than fully and independently ambulatory Acute ischemic stroke

Estrogen therapy History of PE

Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)

Major surgery within 3 months of admission

() Low Risk of DVT

Low Risk (Single Response)

() Low risk of VTE

Routine, Once

Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed.

Will encourage early ambulation

PACU & Post-op

() Moderate Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

Moderate Risk

Moderate risk of VTE

Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical

Patient (Single Response)

() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation

Routine, Once

No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication.

Therapy for the following:

PACU & Post-op

() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis

Routine, Once

No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s):

PACU & Post-op

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe

40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min

30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1

For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1

For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
[] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() Moderate Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical	
Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.	
[] Moderate Risk	
[] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):	
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op	
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.	
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:	
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:	
[] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)		
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op	
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op	
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel	
[] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op	
[] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op	
() High Risk of DVT - Surgical	Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.	
[] High Risk		
[] High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op	
[] High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)	[] Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	
	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op	
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	[] enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	
	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	

() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
<input type="checkbox"/> Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() High Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical	Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk	
<input type="checkbox"/> High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() High Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee)	Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Risk	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indications:
() aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
() aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - hip arthroplasty	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - knee arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min - knee/hip arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min.
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
[] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

DVT Risk and Prophylaxis Tool (Single Response)

Low Risk Definition Moderate Risk Definition

Pharmacologic prophylaxis must be addressed. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic is contraindicated. High Risk Definition

Both pharmacologic AND mechanical prophylaxis must be addressed.

Age less than 60 years and NO other VTE risk factors One or more of the following medical conditions: One or more of the following medical conditions:

Patient already adequately anticoagulated CHF, MI, lung disease, pneumonia, active inflammation, dehydration, varicose veins, cancer, sepsis, obesity, previous stroke, rheumatologic disease, sickle cell disease, leg swelling, ulcers, venous stasis and nephrotic syndrome Thrombophilia (Factor V Leiden, prothrombin variant mutations, anticardiolipin antibody syndrome; antithrombin, protein C or protein S deficiency; hyperhomocysteinemia; myeloproliferative disorders)

Age 60 and above Severe fracture of hip, pelvis or leg

Central line Acute spinal cord injury with paresis

History of DVT or family history of VTE Multiple major traumas

Anticipated length of stay GREATER than 48 hours Abdominal or pelvic surgery for CANCER

Less than fully and independently ambulatory Acute ischemic stroke

Estrogen therapy History of PE

Moderate or major surgery (not for cancer)

Major surgery within 3 months of admission

[] Low Risk (Single Response)

() Low risk of VTE

Routine, Once

Low risk: Due to low risk, no VTE prophylaxis is needed.

Will encourage early ambulation

PACU & Post-op

() Moderate Risk of DVT - Surgical

Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.

[] Moderate Risk

[] Moderate risk of VTE

Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

[] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)

() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation

Routine, Once

No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following:
PACU & Post-op

() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis

Routine, Once

No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s):
PACU & Post-op

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)

40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min

30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1

For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1

For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1

For Patient weight of 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min

() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection

2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op

If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min.

This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):

() heparin (porcine) injection

5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op

() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)

5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op

Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.

() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet

oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op

Indication:

() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)

STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S
Indication:

[] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)

() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis

Routine, Once

No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s):
PACU & Post-op

() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
[] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() Moderate Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical	
Address pharmacologic prophylaxis by selecting one of the following. Mechanical prophylaxis is optional unless pharmacologic prophylaxis is contraindicated.	
[] Moderate Risk	
[] Moderate risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
[] Moderate Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT), do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
[] Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel

<input type="checkbox"/> Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() High Risk of DVT - Surgical	Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk	
<input type="checkbox"/> High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel

<input type="checkbox"/> Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() High Risk of DVT - Non-Surgical	Address both pharmacologic and mechanical prophylaxis by ordering from Pharmacological and Mechanical Prophylaxis.
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk	
<input type="checkbox"/> High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Non-Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S For Patients with CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily, Starting S For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min. This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	
() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
<input type="checkbox"/> Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
() High Risk of DVT - Surgical (Hip/Knee)	

<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk	
<input type="checkbox"/> High risk of VTE	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op
<input type="checkbox"/> High Risk Pharmacological Prophylaxis - Hip or Knee (Arthroplasty) Surgical Patient (Single Response)	
() Patient is currently receiving therapeutic anticoagulation	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis because: patient is already on therapeutic anticoagulation for other indication. Therapy for the following: PACU & Post-op
() Contraindications exist for pharmacologic prophylaxis	Routine, Once No pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() apixaban (ELIQUIS) tablet	2.5 mg, oral, every 12 hours, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indications:
() aspirin chewable tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
() aspirin (ECOTRIN) enteric coated tablet	162 mg, oral, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) injection (Single Response)	
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - hip arthroplasty	40 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - knee arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min - knee/hip arthroplasty	30 mg, subcutaneous, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients with CrCL LESS than 30 mL/min.
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	30 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight between 100-139 kg and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min.
() enoxaparin (LOVENOX) syringe - For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min	40 mg, subcutaneous, 2 times daily at 0600, 1800 (time critical), Starting S+1 For Patients weight 140 kg or GREATER and CrCl GREATER than 30 mL/min
() fondaparinux (ARIXTRA) injection	2.5 mg, subcutaneous, daily, Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op If the patient does not have a history or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT) do NOT order this medication. Contraindicated in patients LESS than 50kg, prior to surgery/invasive procedure, or CrCl LESS than 30 mL/min This patient has a history of or suspected case of Heparin-Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT):
() heparin (porcine) injection	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 8 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op
() heparin (porcine) injection (Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight < 50kg and age > 75yrs)	5,000 Units, subcutaneous, every 12 hours, S+1 at 6:00 AM, PACU & Post-op Recommended for patients with high risk of bleeding, e.g. weight LESS than 50kg and age GREATER than 75yrs.
() rivaroxaban (XARELTO) tablet for hip or knee arthroplasty planned during this admission	10 mg, oral, daily at 0600 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op To be Given on Post Op Day 1. Indications:
() warfarin (COUMADIN) tablet	oral, daily at 1700 (time critical), Starting S+1, PACU & Post-op Indication:
() Pharmacy consult to manage warfarin (COUMADIN)	STAT, Until discontinued, Starting S Indication:
<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical Prophylaxis (Single Response)	

() Contraindications exist for mechanical prophylaxis	Routine, Once No mechanical VTE prophylaxis due to the following contraindication(s): PACU & Post-op
() Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
() Place sequential compression device and antiembolic stockings	"And" Linked Panel
[] Place/Maintain sequential compression device continuous	Routine, Continuous, PACU & Post-op
[] Place antiembolic stockings	Routine, Once, PACU & Post-op

Labs

Labs

[] Comprehensive metabolic panel	Once, Starting S, Post-op
[] CBC with platelet and differential	Once, Starting S, Post-op
[] Basic metabolic panel	Once, Starting S, Post-op
[] Partial thromboplastin time	Once, Starting S, Post-op
[] Prothrombin time with INR	Once, Starting S, Post-op
[] Amylase	Once, Starting S, Post-op

Cardiology

Imaging

Other Studies

Respiratory

Respiratory

[] Incentive spirometry	Routine, Every hour While awake. Post-op
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Rehab

Consults

For Physician Consult orders use sidebar

Ancillary Consults

[] Consult to Case Management	Consult Reason: Discharge Planning Post-op, Discharge Planning and post-discharge needs.
[] Consult to Social Work	Reason for Consult: Discharge Planning Post-op, Discharge Planning and post-discharge needs.
[] Consult PT eval and treat	Special Instructions: evaluate equipment needs at discharge Weight Bearing Status:
[] Consult OT eval and treat	Special Instructions: Instruct on use of hip kit. Weight Bearing Status:

Additional Orders